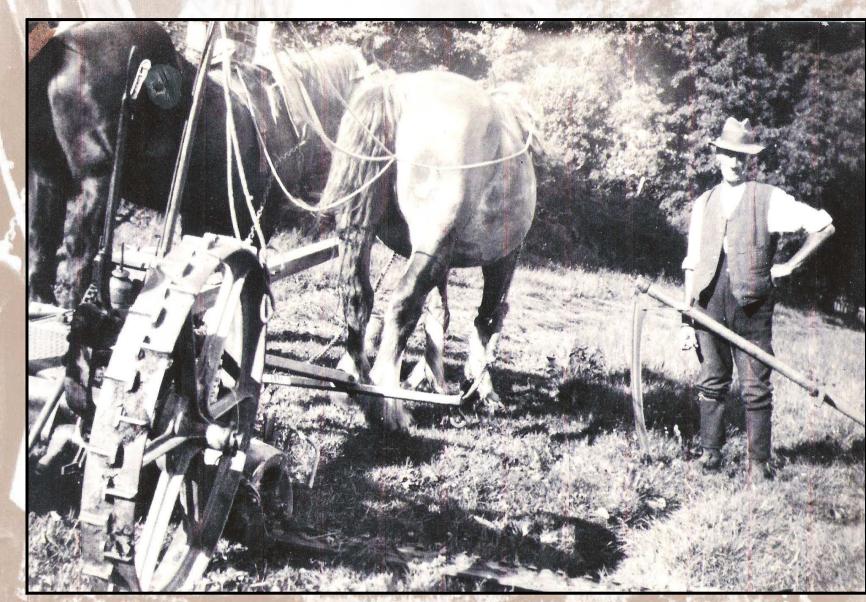
After the Great War...

Farming in Bleasdale resumed its pre War pace. The farmers continued to rear beef cattle and dairy, for milk and cheese made on the farm, and keep pigs and poultry.

FARMING IN BLEASDALE in the 1920s

Horses were still universally used as motive power on the farms, as seen here at HAZELHURST.

The upland farmers returned the land they had



Early 20th Century at Hazelhurst

ploughed up for crops to grass. However, they discovered there had been advantages - Roger Yates at HIGHER FAIRSNAPE commented in 1923 that his newly seeded grass was...

"all the better for having been ploughed".

Top: A section of the black-faced flock. Bottom: Types of Sequent rains.

Photos: *Presion tour.

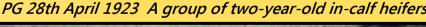
PG 28th Apr 1923 Top: A section of the black-faced flock. Bottom: Types of Scotch rams

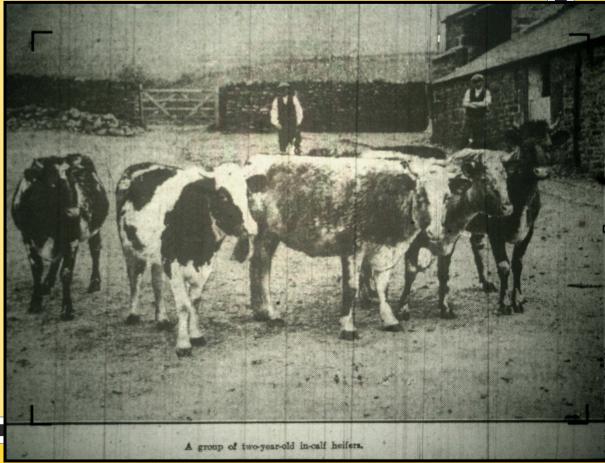
Two Preston
Guardian reports, in
1916 and 1923, show
how Roger and his

family transformed the land for rearing high quality cattle and prize-winning sheep, as well as keeping pigs (1916)

and a flock of 200 poultry (1923).

He selected his bulls carefully in order to build up his herd. He travelled the north of England and to the Lanark Sheep sales in Scotland to buy rams from which he bred his own flock.





All photographs from Bleasdale Archive unless otherwise stated.

